Grade 7 Part I Standard 1

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Collaborative **Emerging** Expanding **Bridging** 1. Exchanging information/ideas 1. Exchanging information/ideas 1. Exchanging information/ideas Contribute to class, group, and partner Engage in conversational exchanges and Contribute to class, group, and partner express ideas on familiar topics by asking discussions by following turn-taking rules, discussions by following turn-taking rules, and answering yes-no and wh- questions asking relevant questions, affirming others, asking relevant questions, affirming others, and responding using simple phrases. adding relevant information, and adding relevant information and evidence, paraphrasing key ideas. paraphrasing key ideas, building on responses, and providing useful feedback. Skills: Skills: Skills: ■ Engage in conversational exchanges ☐ Contribute to class, group, and partner ☐ Contribute to class, group, and partner ■ Express ideas on familiar topics discussions discussions ☐ Ask *yes-no* questions ☐ Follow turn-taking rules ☐ Follow turn-taking rules ☐ Ask *wh*- questions ■ Ask relevant questions ■ Ask relevant questions ■ Respond using simple phrases □ Affirm others □ Affirm others ■ Add relevant information □ Add relevant information and evidence □ Paraphrase key ideas □ Paraphrase key ideas ■ Build on responses ☐ Provide useful feedback



Grade 7 Part I Standard 2

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Collaborative **Emerging** Expanding **Bridging** 2. Interacting via written English 2. Interacting via written English 2. Interacting via written English Engage in short written exchanges with Engage in longer written exchanges with Engage in extended written exchanges with peers and collaborate on simple written peers and collaborate on more detailed peers and collaborate on complex written texts on familiar topics, using technology written texts on a variety of topics, using texts on a variety of topics, using technology

Skills:	
	Engage in short written exchanges with
	peers

when appropriate.

- ☐ Collaborate on simple written texts on familiar topics
- ☐ Use technology when appropriate

Skills:

☐ Engage in longer written exchanges with peers

technology when appropriate.

- ☐ Collaborate on more detailed written texts on a variety of topics
- ☐ Use technology when appropriate

Skills:

when appropriate.

- ☐ Engage in extended written exchanges with peers
- Collaborate on complex written texts on a variety of topics
- ☐ Use technology when appropriate



Grade 7 Part I Standard 3

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Collaborative **Emerging** Expanding **Bridging** 3. Supporting opinions and persuading 3. Supporting opinions and persuading 3. Supporting opinions and persuading others others others Negotiate with or persuade others in Negotiate with or persuade others in Negotiate with or persuade others in conversations (e.g., to gain and hold the conversations (e.g., to provide conversations using appropriate register floor or ask for clarification) using learned counterarguments) using learned phrases (I (e.g., to acknowledge new information) phrases (e.g., I think . . ., Would you please agree with X, but . . .), and open responses. using a variety of learned phrases, indirect reported speech (e.g., I heard you say X, repeat that?) and open responses. and I haven't thought about that before), and open responses. Skills: Skills: Skills: ■ Negotiate with others in conversations ■ Negotiate with others in conversations ☐ Negotiate with or persuade others in Persuade others in conversations Persuade others in conversations conversations ☐ Use appropriate register in ■ Use learned phrases and open ☐ Use learned phrases (I agree with X. responses (e.g., I think . . ., Would you but . . .) conversations ☐ Use a variety of learned phrases in please repeat that?) ■ Use open responses ☐ Gain or hold the floor conversations (e.g., I heard you say X, and I haven't thought about that before) ☐ Use indirect reported speech in conversations



☐ Use open responses in conversations

Grade 7 Part I Standard 4

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Collaborative **Emerging** Expanding **Bridging** 4. Adapting language choices 4. Adapting language choices 4. Adapting language choices Adjust language choices according to social Adjust language choices according to Adjust language choices according to task setting (e.g., classroom, break time) and purpose (e.g., explaining, persuading, (e.g., facilitating a science experiment, providing peer feedback on a writing audience (e.g., peers, teacher). entertaining), task, and audience. assignment), purpose, task, and audience. Skills: Skills: Skills: ■ Adjust language choices according to ■ Adjust language choices according to ■ Adjust language choices according to

■ Adjust language choices according to

■ Adjust language choices according to

purpose

audience

task

task

purpose

audience

■ Adjust language choices according to

■ Adjust language choices according to

social setting

audience

■ Adjust language choices according to

Grade 7 Part I Standard 5

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Interpretive **Emerging Expanding Bridging** 5. Listening actively 5. Listening actively 5. Listening actively Demonstrate active listening in oral Demonstrate active listening in oral Demonstrate active listening in oral presentation activities by asking and presentation activities by asking and presentation activities by asking and answering basic questions, with prompting answering detailed questions, with answering detailed questions, with minimal and substantial support. occasional prompting and moderate support. prompting and support. Skills: Skills: Skills: With substantial support With occasional prompting and moderate With minimal prompting and support ■ Demonstrate active listening in oral ■ Demonstrate active listening in oral support ☐ Demonstrate active listening in oral presentation presentations ■ Ask basic questions presentations □ Ask detailed questions ■ Answer basic questions ■ Ask detailed questions ■ Answer detailed questions Answer detailed questions



Grade 7 Part I Standard 6

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Interpretive **Emerging Expanding Bridging** 6. Reading/viewing closely 6. Reading/viewing closely 6. Reading/viewing closely **a.** Explain ideas, phenomena, processes, a. Explain ideas, phenomena, processes, **a.** Explain ideas, phenomena, processes, and text relationships (e.g., compare/ and text relationships (e.g., compare/ and text relationships (e.g., compare/ contrast, cause/effect, problem/solution) contrast, cause/effect, problem/solution) contrast, cause/effect, problem/solution) based on close reading of a variety of based on close reading of a variety of based on close reading of a variety of grade-appropriate texts and viewing of grade-level texts and viewing of grade-level texts and viewing of multimedia, with substantial support. multimedia, with moderate support. multimedia, with light support. **b.** Express inferences and conclusions **b.** Express inferences and conclusions **b.** Express inferences and conclusions drawn based on close reading of drawn based on close reading of grade drawn based on close reading of grade grade-appropriate texts and viewing of appropriate texts and viewing of level texts and viewing of multimedia using a variety of precise academic verbs multimedia using some frequently used multimedia using a variety of verbs (e.g., verbs (e.g., shows that, based on). suggests that, leads to). (e.g., indicates that, influences). c. Use knowledge of morphology (e.g., c. Use knowledge of morphology (e.g., c. Use knowledge of morphology (e.g., affixes, roots, and base words), context, affixes, roots, and base words), context. affixes, roots, and base words), context. reference materials, and visual cues to reference materials, and visual cues to reference materials, and visual cues to determine the meaning of unknown and determine the meaning of unknown and determine the meaning, including multiple-meaning words on familiar multiple-meaning words on familiar and figurative and connotative meanings, of topics. new topics. unknown and multiple-meaning words on a variety of new topics. Skills: Skills: Skills: Based on close reading with substantial Based on close reading with moderate support Based on close reading with light support ■ Explain ideas support Explain ideas Explain ideas Explain phenomena Explain phenomena Explain process ■ Explain process Explain phenomena ■ Explain text relationships ■ Explain process ■ Explain text relationships ■ Explain text relationships ■ Demonstrate understanding of a select ☐ Demonstrate understanding of a select ☐ Demonstrate understanding of a select set of grade-appropriate text and set of grade-appropriate text and set of grade-appropriate text and multimedia multimedia



Ex Ex Ex Ex Ex Ex Ex Ex	xpress inferences xpress conclusions se some frequently used verbs etermine the meaning of unknown ords on familiar topics etermine the meaning of multiple leaning words on familiar topics se knowledge of morphology se knowledge of context se reference material se visual clues	000 0 000	Express inferences Express conclusions Use a variety of verbs Determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar and new topics Determine the meaning of multiple-meaning words on familiar and new topics Use knowledge of morphology Use knowledge of context Use reference material Use visual clues		Express inferences Express conclusions Use a variety of precise academic verbs Determine the meaning of unknown words on a variety unknown and multiple-meaning words Determine the figurative meaning of unknown words on a variety of unknown and multiple-meaning words Use knowledge of morphology Use knowledge of context Use reference material
				٠	Use visual clues

Grade 7 Part I Standard 7

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)

J = 1 J = 1					
Interpretive					
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging			
7. Evaluating language choices Explain how well writers and speakers use language to support ideas and arguments with detailed evidence (e.g., identifying the precise vocabulary used to present evidence, or the phrasing used to signal a shift in meaning) when provided with substantial support.	7. Evaluating language choices Explain how well writers and speakers use specific language to present ideas or support arguments and provide detailed evidence (e.g., showing the clarity of the phrasing used to present an argument) when provided with moderate support. 7. Evaluating language choices Explain how well writers and speaker specific language resources to prese or support arguments and provide de evidence (e.g., identifying the specific language used to present ideas and of that are well supported and distinguise them from those that are not) when provide with light support.				
Skills: With substantial support Explain how writers and speakers use language to support ideas Explain how writers and speakers use language to arguments Use detailed evidence	Skills: With moderate support Explain how writers and speakers use specific language to present ideas Explain how writers and speakers use specific language to support arguments Use detailed evidence	Skills: With light support □ Explain how writers and speakers use specific language to present ideas □ Explain how writers and speakers use specific language to support arguments □ Use detailed evidence			



English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)						
Interpretive						
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging				
8. Analyzing language choices Explain how phrasing or different common words with similar meaning (e.g., choosing to use the word polite versus good) produce different effects on the audience.	8. Analyzing language choices Explain how phrasing, different words with similar meaning (e.g., describing a character as diplomatic versus respectful) or figurative language (e.g., The wind blew through the valley like a furnace) produce shades of meaning and different effects on the audience.	8. Analyzing language choices Explain how phrasing, different words with similar meaning (e.g., refined-respectful polite-diplomatic), or figurative language (e.g., The wind whispered through the night) produce shades of meaning, nuances, and different effects on the audience.				
Skills: Explain how phrasing or different common words that have similar meaning produce different effects on the audience	Skills: Explain how: phrasing produces shades of meaning phrasing produces different effects on the audience different words with similar meaning produces shades of meaning different words with similar meaning produces different effects on the audience figurative language produces shades of meaning figurative language produces different effects on the audience	Skills: Explain how: phrasing produces shades of meaning phrasing produces nuances phrasing produces different effects on the audience different words with similar meaning produces shades of meaning different words with similar meaning produces nuances different words with similar meaning produces nuances different effects on the audience figurative language produces nuances figurative language produces different effects on the audience figurative language produces different effects on the audience				



Grade 7 Part I Standard 9

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging Expanding Bridging 9. Presenting 9. Presenting 9. Presenting Plan and deliver brief informative oral Plan and deliver longer oral presentations Plan and deliver longer oral presentations on a variety of topics, using details and on a variety of topics in a variety of presentations on familiar topics. disciplines, using reasoning and evidence to evidence to support ideas. support ideas, as well as growing understanding of register.

Skills: □ Plan brief informative oral presentations on familiar topics

 Deliver brief informative oral presentations on familiar topics

Skills:

- ☐ Plan longer oral presentations on a variety of topics
- Deliver longer oral presentations on a variety of topics
- ☐ Use details and evidence to support ideas

Skills:

- Plan longer oral presentations on a variety of topics in a variety of disciplines
- Deliver longer oral presentations on a variety of topics in a variety of disciplines
- Use reasoning and evidence to support ideas
- Use a growing understanding of register



Grade 7 Part I Standard 10

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging Expanding Bridging 10. Writing 10. Writing 10. Writing **a.** Write short literary and informational a. Write longer literary and informational **a.** Write longer and more detailed literary texts (e.g., an argument for wearing texts (e.g., an argument for wearing and informational texts (e.g., an school uniforms) collaboratively (e.g., school uniforms) collaboratively (e.g., argument for wearing school uniforms) with peers) and independently. with peers) and independently using collaboratively (e.g., with peers) and **b.** Write brief summaries of texts and appropriate text organization. independently using appropriate text b. Write increasingly concise summaries experiences using complete sentences organization and growing and key words (e.g., from notes or of texts and experiences using understanding of register. complete sentences and key words **b.** Write clear and coherent summaries of graphic organizers). (e.g., from notes or graphic organizers). texts and experiences using complete and concise sentences and key words (e.g., from notes or graphic organizers). Skills: Skills: Skills: Collaboratively and independently Collaboratively and independently Collaboratively and independently ■ Write short literary texts ■ Write longer literary texts ☐ Write longer and more detailed literary ■ Write short informational texts collaboratively using appropriate text texts using appropriate text □ Write brief summaries of texts. organization organization and growing ■ Write brief summaries of experiences ■ Write longer informational texts understanding of register ■ Use complete sentences and key collaboratively using appropriate text ■ Write longer and more detailed



informational texts using appropriate

□ Write clear and coherent summaries of texts and experiences using complete and concise sentences and key words

text organization and growing

understanding of register

words

■ Write increasingly concise summaries

of texts using complete sentences and

organization

key words

Grade 7 Part I Standard 11

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging Expanding Bridging 11. Justifying/arguing 11. Justifying/arguing 11. Justifying/arguing a. Justify opinions by providing some **a.** Justify opinions or persuade others by **a.** Justify opinions or persuade others by textual evidence or relevant providing relevant textual evidence or providing detailed and relevant textual background knowledge, with relevant background knowledge, with evidence or relevant background substantial support. knowledge, with light support. moderate support. **b.** Express attitude and opinions or **b.** Express attitude and opinions or **b.** Express attitude and opinions or temper statements with familiar modal temper statements with a variety of temper statements with nuanced modal expressions (e.g., can, may). familiar modal expressions (e.g., expressions (e.g., possibly/likely, could/ would/should). possibly/potentially/absolutely, should/might). Skills: Skills: Skills: With substantial support With moderate support With light support ☐ Justify opinion by providing some ☐ Justify opinions by providing relevant ☐ Justify opinions by providing relevant textual evidence textual evidence textual evidence ☐ Justify opinion by using relevant ☐ Justify opinions by providing relevant ☐ Justify opinions by providing relevant background knowledge background knowledge background knowledge ☐ Persuade other by providing relevant ☐ Persuade other by providing relevant ☐ Express attitude and opinion with familiar modal expressions textual evidence textual evidence ☐ Temper statements with familiar modal ☐ Persuade other by providing relevant ☐ Persuade other by providing relevant background information background information expressions ☐ Express attitude and opinion with ☐ Express attitude and opinion with familiar modal expressions nuanced modal expressions ☐ Temper statements with familiar modal ☐ Temper statements with familiar expressions nuanced expressions



English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)					
Productive					
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging			
 12. Selecting language resources a. Use a select number of general academic words (e.g., cycle, alternative) and domain-specific words (e.g., scene, chapter, paragraph, cell) to create some precision while speaking and writing. b. Use knowledge of morphology to appropriately select affixes in basic ways (e.g., She likes X. He walked to school). 	 12. Selecting language resources a. Use a growing set of academic words (e.g., cycle, alternative, indicate, process), domain-specific words (e.g., scene, soliloquy, sonnet, friction, monarchy, fraction), synonyms, and antonyms to create precision and shades of meaning while speaking and writing. b. Use knowledge of morphology to appropriately select affixes in a growing number of ways to manipulate language (e.g., She likes walking to school. That's impossible). 	 12. Selecting language resources a. Use an expanded set of general academic words (e.g., cycle, alternative, indicate, process, emphasize, illustrate), domain-specific words (e.g., scene, soliloquy, sonnet, friction, monarchy, fraction), synonyms, antonyms, and figurative language to create precision and shades of meaning while speaking and writing. b. Use knowledge of morphology to appropriately select affixes in a variety of ways to manipulate language (e.g., changing destroy→ destruction, probably→ probability, reluctant→ reluctantly). 			
 Skills: Use a select number of general academic words Use a select number of domain-specific words Create some precision while speaking and writing Use knowledge of morphology to appropriately select affixes in basic ways 	Skills: To create precision and shades of meaning while speaking and writing: ☐ Use a growing number of academic words ☐ Use a growing number of domain-specific words ☐ Use a growing number of synonyms and antonyms ☐ Use knowledge of morphology to appropriately select affixes in a growing number of ways to manipulate language	Skills: To create precision and shades of meaning while speaking and writing: Use an expanded set of general academic words Use an expanded set of domain-specific words Use an expanded set of synonyms and antonyms Use an expanded set of figurative language			



	Use knowledge of morphology to appropriately select affixes in a growing number of ways to manipulate language

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)					
Structuring Cohesive Texts					
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging			
1. Understanding text structure Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to express ideas (e.g., how narratives are organized sequentially) to comprehending texts and to writing brief arguments, informative/ explanatory texts and narratives.	1. Understanding text structure Apply understanding of the organizational features of different text types (e.g., how narratives are organized by an event sequence that unfolds naturally versus how arguments are organized around reasons and evidence) to comprehending texts and to writing increasingly clear and coherent arguments, informative/explanatory texts and narratives.	structure of different text types (e.g., how narratives are organized by an event sequence that unfolds naturally versus ho arguments are organized around reasons and evidence) to comprehending texts and to writing clear and cohesive arguments,			
 Skills: Apply understanding of: how different text types are organized to express ideas how different text types are organized to comprehending texts how different text types are organized to writing brief arguments how different text types are organized to writing informative/explanatory texts how different text types are organized to writing narratives 	Skills: Apply understanding of: □ the organizational features of different text types to comprehending texts □ the organizational features of different text types to writing increasingly clear and coherent arguments □ the organizational features of different text types to writing increasingly clear and coherent informative/explanatory texts □ the organizational features of different text types to writing increasingly clear and coherent narratives	Skills: Apply understanding of: the organizational structure of different text types to comprehending texts the organizational structure of different text types writing clear and cohesive arguments the organizational structure of different text types to writing informative/explanatory texts the organizational structure of different text types to writing narrative			



English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)				
Structuring Cohesive Texts				
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging		
 2. Understanding cohesion a. Apply knowledge of familiar language resources for referring to make texts more cohesive (e.g., how pronouns refer back to nouns in text) to comprehending texts and writing brief texts. b. Apply basic understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using everyday connecting words or phrases (e.g., at the end, next) to comprehending texts and writing brief texts. 	 2. Understanding cohesion a. Apply knowledge of familiar language resources for referring to make texts more cohesive (e.g., how pronouns refer back to nouns in text, how using synonyms helps avoid repetition) to comprehending texts and writing texts with increasing cohesion. b. Apply growing understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using a variety of connecting words or phrases (e.g., for example, as a result, on the other hand) to comprehending texts and writing texts with increasing cohesion. 	 a. Apply knowledge of familiar language resources for referring to make texts more cohesive (e.g., how pronouns, synonyms, or nominalizations are used to refer backward in a text) to comprehending texts and writing cohesive texts. b. Apply increasing understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using an increasing variety of academic connecting and transitional words or phrases (e.g., for instance, in addition, consequently) to comprehending texts and writing texts with increasing cohesion. 		
Skills: Apply knowledge of: ☐ familiar language resources for referring to make texts more cohesive ☐ familiar language resources for referring to comprehending texts ☐ familiar language resources for referring to writing brief texts Apply basic understanding of: ☐ how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using everyday connecting words or phrases	Skills: Apply knowledge of: ☐ familiar language resources for referring to make texts more cohesive ☐ of familiar language resources for referring to comprehending texts ☐ familiar language resources to writing texts with increasing cohesion Apply growing understanding of: ☐ how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using a variety of connecting words or phrases	Skills: Apply knowledge of: ☐ familiar language resources for referring to make texts more cohesive ☐ familiar language resources for referring to comprehending texts ☐ familiar language resources for referring to writing cohesive texts Apply increasing understanding of how ☐ ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using an increasing variety of academic connecting and		



	how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text to comprehending texts		how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text to comprehending texts	
U	how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text to writing brief texts]	how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text to writing texts with increasing cohesion	throughout a text to comprehending texts how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text to writing texts with increasing cohesion

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)				
Expanding and Enriching Ideas				
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging		
3. Using verbs and verb phrases Use a variety of verbs in different tenses (e.g., present, past, future, simple, progressive) appropriate to the text type and discipline (e.g., simple past and past progressive for recounting an experience) on familiar topics.	 3. Using verbs and verb phrases Use a variety of verbs in different tenses (e.g., present, past, future, simple, progressive, perfect) appropriate to the task, text type, and discipline (e.g., simple present for literary analysis) on an increasing variety of topics. 3. Using verbs and verb phrases Use a variety of verbs in different te (e.g., present, past, future, simple, progressive, perfect) appropriate to text type, and discipline (e.g., the progressive previously made or conclusions) on a variety of topic 			
Skills: Use a variety of: □ verbs in different tenses on familiar topic □ verbs appropriate to the text type on familiar topics □ verbs appropriate to the discipline on familiar topics	Skills: Use a variety of: □ verbs in different tenses on an increasing variety of topics □ verbs appropriate to the text type on an increasing variety of topics □ verbs appropriate to the discipline on an increasing variety of topics	Skills: Use a variety of: verbs in different tenses verbs appropriate to the task on a variety of topics verbs appropriate to the text type on a variety of topics of verbs appropriate to the discipline on a variety of topics		



English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)					
Expanding and Enriching Ideas					
Emerging Expanding Bridging					
4. Using nouns and noun phrases Expand noun phrases in basic ways (e.g., adding a sensory adjective to a noun) in order to enrich the meaning of sentences and add details about ideas, people, and things.	4. Using nouns and noun phrases Expand noun phrases in a growing number of ways (e.g., adding adjectives to nouns or simple clause embedding) in order to enrich the meaning of sentences and add details about ideas, people, and things.	4. Using nouns and noun phrases Expand noun phrases in an increasing variety of ways (e.g., more complex clause embedding) in order to enrich the meaning of sentences and add details about ideas, people, and things.			
Skills: Expand noun phrases in basic ways to: enrich the meaning of sentences add details about ideas, people, and things	Skills: Expand noun phrases in basic ways to: enrich the meaning of sentences add details about ideas, people, and things	Skills: Expand noun phrases in an increasing variety of ways to: — enrich the meaning of sentences — add details about ideas, people, and things			

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)					
Expanding and Enriching Ideas					
Emerging	Bridging				
5. Modifying to add details Expand sentences with simple adverbials (e.g., adverbs, adverb phrases, prepositional phrases) to provide details (e.g., time, manner, place, cause) about a familiar activity or process.	5. Modifying to add details Expand sentences with adverbials (e.g., adverbs, adverb phrases, prepositional phrases) to provide details (e.g., time, manner, place, cause) about a familiar or new activity or process.	5. Modifying to add details Expand sentences with a variety of adverbials (e.g., adverbs, adverb phrases and clauses, prepositional phrases) to provide details (e.g., time, manner, place, cause) about a variety of familiar and new activities and processes.			
Skills: Expand sentences with simple adverbials Provide details about a familiar activity or process	Skills: Expand sentences with adverbials Provide details about a familiar or new activity or process	Skills: Expand sentences with a variety of adverbials Provide details about a variety of familiar and new activities and processes			

Grade 7 Part II Standard 6

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)

Connecting and Condensing Ideas		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
6. Connecting ideas Combine clauses in a few basic ways to make connections between and join ideas (e.g., creating compound sentences using and, but, so; creating complex sentences using because).	6. Connecting ideas Combine clauses in an increasing variety of ways (e.g., creating compound and complex sentences) to make connections between and join ideas, for example, to express a reason (e.g., He stayed at home on Sunday in order to study for Monday's exam) or to make a concession (e.g., She studied all night even though she wasn't feeling well).	6. Connecting ideas Combine clauses in a wide variety of ways (e.g., creating compound, complex, and compound–complex sentences) to make connections between and join ideas, for example, to show the relationship between multiple events or ideas (e.g., After eating lunch, the students worked in groups while their teacher walked around the room) or to evaluate an argument (e.g., The author claims X, although there is a lack of evidence to support this claim).
Skills: Combine clauses in a few basic ways Make connections between ideas create compound sentences using and, but, so	Skills: Combine clauses in a few basic ways Make connections between ideas Create compound sentences by joining ideas to express a reason or to make a concession	Skills: Combine clauses in a wide variety of ways Make connections between ideas Create compound sentences by joining ideas, for example, to show the relationship between multiple events or ideas or to evaluate an argument



Grade 7 Part II Standard 7

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)

Connecting and Condensing Ideas			
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging	
7. Condensing ideas Condense ideas in simple ways (e.g., by compounding verbs, adding prepositional phrases, or through simple embedded clauses or other ways of condensing as in, This is a story about a girl. The girl changed the world →This is a story about a girl who changed the world) to create precise and detailed sentences.	7. Condensing ideas Condense ideas in an increasing variety of ways (e.g., through various types of embedded clauses and other ways of condensing, as in, Organic vegetables are food. They're made without chemical fertilizers. They're made without chemical insecticides.→Organic vegetables are foods that are made without chemical fertilizers or insecticides) to create precise and detailed sentences.	7. Condensing ideas Condense ideas in a variety of ways (e.g., through various types of embedded clauses, ways of condensing, and nominalization as in, They destroyed the rain forest. Lots of animals died →The destruction of the rain forest led to the death of many animals) to create precise and detailed sentences.	
Skills: Condense ideas in simple ways by: compounding verbs adding prepositional phrases through simple embedded clauses or other ways of condensing Create precise and detailed sentences	Skills: Condense ideas in an increasing variety of ways through various types of embedded clauses and other ways of condensing Use various types of embedded clauses and other ways of condensing Create precise and detailed sentences	Skills: Condense ideas in a variety of ways through various types of embedded clauses, ways of condensing, and nominalization Create precise and detailed sentences	

