TULARE/KINGS COUNTIES PERSONNEL COMMITTEE

Tulare County Office of Education Redwood Room A & B Friday, January 13, 2023 9:00 a.m. - 11:00 a.m.

Welcome – Dedi Somavia

Interactive Process 101 - Lozano Smith – Desiree Serrano & Dedi Somavia

• Scenarios – practice in small group

Legal updates - Lozano Smith – Desiree Serrano

- AB2413 Classified employee status pending disciplinary hearing
- Certificated/classified layoffs
- UCP Program instrument 22-23 update

* Transitional Kindergarten – Julie Berk & Sara Marvin

Credential update – Sara Marvin

- SPED bridge
- General credential information

Upcoming Law Seminars

- Navigating Employee Complaints and Investigations January 25, 2023
- The ADA Interactive Process (Advanced Training) March 9, 2023



ADA/FEHA Interactive Process 101

Presented by: Desiree Serrano and Dedi Somavia

TCOE Personnel Committee January 13, 2022



Interactive Polling

Open a browser on your device Go to: <u>pollev.com/lozanosmith</u>







Overview

Interactive Process

Reasonable Accommodations

Determining Accommodation



Employer must engage in a timely and good faith interactive process with employees to determine effective reasonable accommodations.





Interactive Process

The Employer's obligation is triggered when:

- An Employee with a known disability or medical condition requests reasonable accommodations;
- The Employer otherwise becomes aware of the need for an accommodation through a third party or by observation; or,
- The Employer becomes aware of the possible need for an accommodation because the disabled Employee has exhausted medical and other leaves <u>and</u> the Employee's physician suggests further accommodations.



What is the Interactive Process?

The Interactive Process is the way in which employees, supervisors, and their departments determine whether reasonable accommodations can be made for an employee with a health condition or disability.





It's a "Process"



ADA and FEHA require a **timely, good faith, interactive process** between an employer and an applicant, employee, or the individual's representative.

The process is <u>not a singular event</u>, <u>but an</u> <u>ongoing series of interactions</u> from which the employer can identify and offer effective and reasonable accommodations to the employee.



Hypothetical

Hypothetical

Bus driver informs you that she has a medical issue with her knee and will be having surgery in four weeks. She tells you that prior to her surgery, due to the pain in her knee, she cannot sit for more than 1 hour at a time.

What is your first step?





Initiate Interactive Process





What does the Interactive Process Look Like?

Interactive Process

Possible Steps During Interactive Process:

- Review the current/updated job description
- Consult with immediate supervisor(s)
- Determine essential job functions (what, how, when)
- Identify and specify functional limitations
- Compare limitations to essential and non-essential functions
- Analyze options to accommodate limitations
- Engage and document your meetings and communications with the Employee and your analysis of accommodations



Reasonable Accommodations

A reasonable accommodation is a **modification or adjustment that**:

- enables an applicant with a disability to have an <u>equal opportunity</u> to be considered for a job;
- enables an employee to perform the <u>essential functions</u> of the job the employee holds or desires; or
- enables an employee with a disability to <u>enjoy benefits and</u> <u>privileges of employment</u> equivalent to employees without disabilities.



Hypothetical

Teacher suffers from Crohn's disease and was unable to work for most of this year while she was undergoing medical treatment. Teacher will exhaust all leaves, including differential leave, in two weeks. Teacher has told her Principal that she will probably need another month to recover from the treatment.

What is the District obligated to do now?



Interactive Polling

Open a browser on your device Go to: <u>pollev.com/lozanosmith</u>







PHONES UP



Is the District Office on notice if the teacher only told the Principal?



What is the District obligated to do now?

Place on 39-month reemployment list

Engage in the interactive process

Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app



PHONES DOWN



Same Scenario: What does that interactive conversation look like?

Teacher suffers from Crohn's disease and was unable to work for most of this year while she was undergoing medical treatment. Teacher will exhaust all leaves, including differential leave, in two weeks. Teacher has told her Principal that she will probably need another month to recover from the treatment.



Essential Functions

An employer is <u>not</u> required to eliminate essential functions of a position as a reasonable accommodation.

Nealy v. City of Santa Monica (2015) 234 Cal.App.4th 359.





Essential Functions Under ADA/FEHA

FEHA "essential functions" means the fundamental job duties of the position the individual with a disability holds or desires, and does not include marginal duties. (Gov. Code, § 12926.)

ADA "essential functions" of a job are those functions that the individual who holds the position must be able to perform unaided or with the assistance of a reasonable accommodation. (29 C.F.R. § 1630.2(n).)





PHONES UP



How do you determine the essential functions of the position?

26



PHONES DOWN



Determining Which Functions are Essential





Examples of Accommodations

- Job restructuring (non-essential job functions)
- Leaves of absence (paid and/or unpaid for treatment or recovery)
- Modified facilities and/or equipment
- Modification of qualifying exams, training materials, and providing additional training
- Providing qualified readers or interpreters



More Examples

- Reassignment to vacant position
- Allowing an applicant/employee to bring an assistive animal to the work site
- Transfer to more accessible work sites
- Altering when and/or how an essential function is performed
- Modifying an employer **policy**, modifying supervisory methods

(See Modified Amended Disability Regulations under FEHA, 2 CCR § 11065(p)(2)(A)-(O).)



Hypothetical

Matt – District Custodian for 15 years

In addition to Matt's custodial duties, he occasionally assists with clerical tasks related to his job, such as inventory and ordering supplies. His evaluations have always been "satisfactory" or "exceeds standards".

Matt was injured on the job last year. He took several months off for related knee surgery and recuperation, using all of his accumulated sick leave and his differential pay entitlements. Although he is still experiencing some discomfort when he squats and turns, his doctor has cleared him to return to work without restrictions.

Upon his return to work, it has become clear that he has some physical limitations. It is very difficult for him to do work that requires him to squat or lift repeatedly. It is also a strain on him to work a full 8 hour day, because his pain increases by the end of the day. Matt clearly does not want to complain and has not asked for specific accommodations. He has stated that he really enjoys doing the clerical tasks and has asked if it can be made a regular part of his job. For the last two weeks, he has shown his enthusiasm by finishing his custodial duties early and spending the last hour of his day performing clerical tasks.

You consider Matt a valuable employee and would like to assist him in any way you can.



Matt – District Custodian for 15 years



- What issues does this situation raise?
- As his manager, are you inclined to grant his request regarding clerical duties?
- Do you need additional information in order to properly address the situation?



The Other Matt

Assume all of the facts on the previous slide, with the following changes: Matt has only been working for the District for four years. He takes all of his sick leave on an annual basis, often on Mondays and Fridays. His evaluations have been either "satisfactory" or "needs improvement."

When Matt was injured, it was widely believed that he was "working the system" for as much leave as possible. In fact, the day that his differential pay was to be exhausted, he showed up with a doctor's noting clearing him to work without restrictions.

How are you inclined to handle the request in this case?

What issues does this raise?

Is your answer different from your answers with the "other" Matt? Should it be?



Responding to Accommodation Request

Grant it with a detailed letter to employee:

- Document the accommodations
- Indicate a time limit on the accommodations, when relevant
- Indicate that the District and employee will reconvene at the end of the time limit to reassess the situation

Deny it with a detailed letter to employee:

- Explain why the District is denying the request
- Provide a recap of the interactive process engaged in by both employer and employee
- If relevant, provide an overview of all the alternative accommodations considered



Accommodation Decisions



A good faith effort includes consideration of input from the employee and his/her medical provider

Employer is not required to provide the best accommodations or the employee's requested accommodations

Employer makes final determination

Document, Document, Document




PHONES UP



What areas of the ADA/Interactive Process would you like more support?

Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app



PHONES DOWN



Final Thoughts

- Explore how the limitations might be overcome with reasonable accommodation, and give a good faith consideration of all potential accommodations
- Document your assessment of the effectiveness of all accommodations considered
- If considering denying an accommodation, can you articulate the reason and does it comply with the legal standards
- Document the process, including meeting dates, times, persons present, discussions held and agreements made



Reminder: Classified Layoffs

AB 2413

Suspension Without Pay While Classified Dismissal Hearing is Pending

AB 2413: Effective January 1, 2023

Amends Ed. Code 45113(f) to prohibit the following while pending a hearing on charges:

- Suspension without pay
- Suspension or demotion with a reduction in pay
- Dismissal before a decision is rendered after the hearing

Unless . . .





AB 2413: Effective January 1, 2023

"... unless the governing board, or an impartial third-party hearing officer ... finds that at the time discipline was imposed at the conclusion of the [*Skelly* Meeting], the employer demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that the employee engaged in:

- criminal misconduct,
- misconduct that presents a risk of harm to pupils, staff, or property, or
- committed habitual violations of the district's policies or regulations."

(Ed. Code, § 45113, subd. (f)(1))



AB 2413: Effective January 1, 2023

 If a hearing on the charges will be conducted by an impartial thirdparty hearing officer or the governing board pursuant to subdivision (e), the school district may stop paying a permanent employee before a decision is rendered after 30 calendar days from the date the hearing is requested.

• AB 2413 does not impact a CBA entered before January 1, 2023, until the contract expires or is renewed.



Other Recent Changes to the Education Code

Education Code Section 45113(g) was revised to require:

- Delegation to a judge (ALJ) to determine whether sufficient cause exists to discipline for "egregious misconduct" involving a minor
- Egregious Misconduct means sex offenses and controlled substance offenses, per Education Codes 44010 and 44011



UCP Program Instrument

Document available here:

https://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/cr/documents/ucp2122.docx

Cover Page



Uniform Complaint Procedure 2021–22 Program Instrument California Department of Education May 2021

II. Governance and Administration

UCP 01: Policies and Procedures

The local educational agency (LEA) adopted a, g UCP for all specified programs.1

- 1.0 LEA policies and procedures were adopted by the LEA's governing board ^{a, b, g} and include the following:
 - (a) All programs and activities that are subject to the UCP: 1, k
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils (California *Education Code [EC]* Section 46015)

<u>Change</u>

2021–22 Uniform Complaint Procedure Program Instrument

- (p) A school restroom has not been maintained or cleaned regularly, is not fully operational, or has not been stocked at all times with toilet paper, soap, and towels or functional hand dryers.
- (q) The school has not kept all restrooms open during school hours when pupils are not in classes, and has not kept a sufficient number of restrooms open during school hours when pupils are in classes. This does not apply when temporary closing of the restroom is necessary for pupil safety or to make repairs.



Questions







Thank you from Lozano Smith.

Together with you, we're impacting communities and lives through:

- Professional development
- Volunteer projects
- Sponsorships and award programs
- Scholarships

#BlueHatProject
#LozanoSmithFoundation





@LozanoSmith

Disclaimer: These materials and all discussions of these materials are for instructional purposes only and do not constitute legal advice. If you need legal advice, you should contact your local counsel or an attorney at Lozano Smith. If you are interested in having other in-service programs presented, please contact clientservices@lozanosmith.com or call (559) 431-5600.

Copyright © 2023 Lozano Smith

All rights reserved. No portion of this work may be copied, distributed, sold or used for any commercial advantage or private gain, nor any derivative work prepared therefrom, nor shall any sub-license be granted, without the express prior written permission of Lozano Smith through its Managing Partner. The Managing Partner of Lozano Smith hereby grants permission to any client of Lozano Smith to whom Lozano Smith provides a copy to use such copy intact and solely for the internal purposes of such client. By accepting this product, recipient agrees it shall not use the work except consistent with the terms of this limited license.





Tulare County Office of Education

Tim A. Hire, County Superintendent of Schools

TK Updates

Presented by: Julie Berk Assistant Superintendent



UPK Updates

1 UPK Plan Submission

- Late survey submissions are due 12/29/22
- UPK Planning funds will be collected from LEA's who have not submitted implementation plan
- Confirm submission <u>UPKPlanningGrant@cde.ca.gov</u>



- TK Teachers need to meet qualifications by August 1, 2023
- TCOE partners with COS/PC to provide flexible options and stipends
- Enrolling for <u>Spring 2023</u> now

Thank you for sending out to your staff!

TK Fiscal Requirements

- Class size penalty
- Ratio penalty

3

- Teacher qualification penalty
- NO waivers



Tulare County Office of Education

Tim A. Hire, County Superintendent of Schools

TK TEACHER QUALIFICATION

Credentialed Teacher Education Code (EC) 48000 (g)(4)



Complete TK Teacher Qualification form for verification

Non-Credentialed Teacher Education Code (EC) 44300 (j)

Emergency Specialist Teaching Permit authorization from the Commission for 1 year providing the following conditions are met:

- BA degree and holds a valid child development permit at a Teacher level or higher.
- Meets subject matter competency through one of the following:
 - a. 24 units of child development coursework
 - b. BA in child development or similar major
 - c. 3 or more years of full time teaching experience in PK/TK/K as the lead teacher
- 3. Commission approved justification for Emergency Child Development Specialist Permit submitted to the Commission by the employing LEA.

TK Average Class Enrollment Size Calculation Example

Example Schoolsite: XYZ Elementary	Mo. 1	Мо. 2	Mo. 3	Mo. 4	Mo. 5	Mo. 6	Мо. 7	Мо. 8	Sum of Active Enrollment Counts	Number of Active Enrollment Counts	Average Number of Pupils Enrolled Per Class
Class A	24	24	24	24	24	25	25	25	195	8	24.375
Class B	23	23	24	24	24	24	24	24	190	8	23.750
Class C	24	24	25	25	25	25	25	25	198	8	24.750
Class D	24	24	26	26	26	26	26	26	204	8	25.500

Sum of Average Number of Pupils Enrolled Per Class: 98.375 Average Transitional Kindergarten Class Enrollment*: 98.375 ÷ 4 = 24.59 ≈ 24.5

*Average Transitional Kindergarten Class Enrollment is rounded to the nearest half or whole integer.

TK Average Class Size Penalty: Calculation Example

Sample school district with 2022-23 P-2 TK ADA = 285



Adult-to-Student Ratio Penalty: Calculation Example





*The 2021-22 statewide average rate of absence for elementary (K-8) was calculated by the CDE as 8.34%

Frequently Asked Question

Can we take a TK Class with more than 24 students if we add a third adult?

Since EC 48000(g)(1) requires that a school district or charter school maintain an average TK class enrollment of not more than 24 pupils for each school site, it is possible for an LEA to have an individual TK class with more than 24 pupils while maintaining an average at the school site of 24 or less. Failure to maintain an average of 24 pupils or less at the school site would lead to a penalty to the TK LCFF funding pursuant to EC 48000.1, regardless of the number of adults.

Email Questions to:

- For programmatic questions regarding the TK Program, please contact the Early Education Division at <u>UPK@cde.ca.gov</u>
- For fiscal questions regarding TK or fiscal penalties contact Principal Apportionment Section at <u>PASE@cde.ca.gov</u>



Any questions?

Julie Berk | jberk@cc.tcoe.org | 559-651-3022 Ext. 3953

Credential Updates

Presented by: Sara Marvin Credentials & Retirement Analyst

SB 1397 - Substitute Flexibility

- Basic Skills Requirement waived for Emergency 30-Day Substitute Permit
- Effective January 1, 2023 through July 1, 2024
 - For first time 30-Day Sub Permits
 - o But...

Updated Education Specialist Credential Requirements

- All Education Specialist candidates starting a program will meet the new requirements through updated credential programs.
- Defines teacher assignments by level of student need in addition to disability type
- Bridge Added Authorizations available to current teachers, but not required by the state
- New teacher assignment monitoring increases visibility of mis-assignments

What Changed?

Previous Credentials

• Mild Moderate Disabilities (MMD)

• Moderate Severe Disabilities (MSD)

• Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE)

Current Credentials

 Mild Moderate Support Needs (MMSN)

• Extensive Support Needs (ESN)

 Early Childhood Special Education (can teach TK/K)

Expanded Authorization for New Credentials

Federal Disability Categories	MMD (Past) Mild/Moderate Disabilities	MMSN (Now) Mild to Moderate Support Needs	MSD (Past) Moderate/Severe Disabilities	ESN (Now) Extensive Support Needs
Autism	>	>	>	~
Deaf/Blindness			~	~
Emotional Disturbance	>	>	>	v
Intellectual Disability	>	>	>	~
Multiple Disabilities		 ✓ 	>	~
Orthopedic Impairment		 Image: A start of the start of		v
Other Health Impairment	>	~		v
Specific Learning Disability	>	 ✓ 		✓
Traumatic Brain Injury		~		

Early Childhood Special Education Added Authorization includes TK/K content standards

Pathways to Bridge Added Authorization

CL-904 - Verification of Requirements

- 1. Coursework
 - a. Online options available

2. Professional Development Courses

a. The SELPA Association has a shared presentation that covers content required for each respective authorization

- 3. Competency Demonstration
 - Confirmation of prior knowledge and experience via observational data, a portfolio submission, video demonstration, a performance assessment, or another means to show demonstrated competence

Thank you!

Any Questions?

Sara Marvin saram@tcoe.org 559-733-6859